

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF KING

RECREATIONAL FIRE GUIDELINES BY-LAW NUMBER 2015-109, SCHEDULE "A"

- Fires must not exceed .75 metres in diameter by .75 metres in height (approximately 2 feet in diameter by 2 feet in height).
- Only clean wood products are permitted to be burned.
- Petroleum products (diesel, gasoline), recyclables, plastics, rubber, painted lumber, pressure treated lumber, creosote treated material, domestic, industrial, agricultural waste, animal carcasses or any other material that will cause excessive smoke or noxious fumes must not be mixed with or contaminate the wood that may be burned.
- Recreational fires must be supervised by a competent person at all times until the fire is completely extinguished. Leaving the fire to burn unattended is not permitted.
- There must be an adequate means to extinguish the fire – i.e. garden hose, pail(s) of water.
- A minimum distance of 3 metres (10 feet) to combustible materials must be maintained at all times.
- Recreational fires shall not be permitted when an Air Quality Advisory has been posted, or when wind speed exceeds 20 kph or is changing direction frequently.
- Recreational fires shall be forbidden when a Fire Ban has been declared by the Office of the Fire Chief.
- Outdoor fireplaces must be equipped with a screen on the flue and fuel loading area
- The use of an outdoor fireplace must comply with the manufactures guidelines/ instructions.
- In the event that there are no manufactures guidelines for the outdoor fireplace, use only approved material and maintain a minimum of 3 metre clearance between the fireplace and combustible objects.
- The outdoor fireplace must be installed on a non-combustible surface.
- The Office of the Fire Chief retains the right to require a recreational fire to be extinguished at any given time – i.e. fire ban, excessive smoke or noxious fumes.
- The Office of the Fire Chief reserves the right to inspect the property in question in order to ensure that the recreational fire does not pose a risk of fire to the immediate and adjacent properties.
- The resident/occupant/owner of the property wherein a recreational fire is occurring must provide the fire department access at all times during the recreational fire. Failure to do so is in contravention of the current Open Air Burning By-law.